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पाठ्यक्रमको रुपरेखाः यस पाठ्यक्रमको आधारमा निम्नानुसार दुई चरणमा परीक्षा लिइने छः

प्रथम चरणः- लिखित परीक्षा

पूर्णाङ्क:- २००

द्वितीय चरणः- सामहिक परीक्षण र अन्तर्वार्ता

पुर्णाङ्कः- ४०

प्रथम चरण - लिखित परीक्षा योजना (Examination Scheme)

पत्र	विषय	पूर्णाङ्क	उत्तीर्णाङ्क	परीक्षा प्रणाली	प्रश्न संख्या 🗙 अङ्कभार	समय
प्रथम	नर्सिङ विज्ञान	900	४०	वस्तुगत बहुवैकल्पिक (MCQs)	900×9= 900	१ घण्टा १५ मिनेट
द्वितीय	समूह सम्वन्धी	900	γo	विषयगत (Subjective)	90×90= 900	३ घण्टा

द्वितीय चरण

विषय	पूर्णाङ्क	परीक्षा प्रणाली	समय
सामूहिक परीक्षण	90	सामूहिक छलफल	३० मिनेट
(Group Test)		(Group Discussion)	
व्यक्तिगत अन्तर्वार्ता	३०	मौखिक	-

- लिखित परीक्षाको माध्यम भाषा नेपाली वा अंग्रेजी अथवा नेपाली र अंग्रेजी दुवै हुन सक्नेछ।
- २. पाठ्यक्रमको प्रथम र द्वितीय पत्रको विषयवस्तु फरक फरक हुनेछन।
- ३. प्रथम र द्वितीय पत्रको लिखित परीक्षा छुट्टाछुट्टै हुनेछ।
- ४. प्रथम पत्रका एकाइहरुबाट सोधिने प्रश्नसंख्या निम्नानुसार हुनेछः

प्रथम पत्रका एकाई	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
प्रश्न संख्या	20	10	15	20	15	10	10

- ५. वस्तुगत बहुवैकल्पिक (Multiple Choice) प्रश्नहरूको गलत उत्तर दिएमा प्रत्येक गलत उत्तर बापत २० प्रतिशत अङ्क कट्टा गरिनेछ। तर उत्तर नदिएमा त्यस बापत अङ्क दिइने छैन र अङ्क कट्टा पनि गरिने छैन।
- ६. बहुवैकल्पिक प्रश्नहरु हुने परीक्षामा कुनै प्रकारको क्याल्कुलेटर (Calculator) प्रयोग गर्न पाइने छैन।
- ७. विषयगत प्रश्नका लागि तोकिएका १० अङ्कका प्रश्नहरूको हकमा १० अङ्कको एउटा लामो प्रश्न वा एउटै प्रश्नका दुई वा दुई भन्दा बढी भाग (Two or more parts of a single question) वा एउटा प्रश्न अन्तर्गत दुई वा बढी टिप्पणीहरू (Short notes) सोध्न सिकने छ।
- द. द्वितीय पत्रमा प्रत्येक खण्डका लागि छुट्टाछुट्टै उत्तरपुस्तिकाहरु हुनेछन्। परिक्षार्थीले प्रत्येक खण्डका प्रश्नहरुको उत्तर सोही खण्डको उत्तरपुस्तिकामा लेखुपर्नेछ।
- ९. यस पाठ्यक्रम योजना अन्तर्गतका पत्र/विषयका विषयवस्तुमा जेसुकै लेखिएको भए तापिन पाठ्यक्रममा परेका कानून, ऐन, नियम तथा नीतिहरु परीक्षाको मिति भन्दा ३ मिहना अगािड (संशोधन भएका वा संशोधन भई हटाईएका वा थप गरी संशोधन भई) कायम रहेकालाई यस पाठ्कममा परेको समझनु पर्दछ।
- १०. पाठ्यक्रम लागू मिति:-

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प्रथम पत्रः नर्सिङ विज्ञान

1 Nursing concept & Principles 20%

- 1.1 Nursing Theory
 - 1.1.1. V. Henderson
 - 1.1.2. D. Orem
 - 1.1.3. Roy's
 - 1.1.4. Florence Nightingale
 - 1.1.5. Peplau's Interpersonal Theory,
 - 1.1.6 Cultural Care Theory
- 1.2. Nursing Process
 - 1.2.1 Steps of Nursing process
- 1.3. Pain and Stress management
 - 1.3.1 Nursing Management
 - 1.3.2 Medical Management
- 1.4. Holistic Health Care
 - 1.4.1 Components of holistic health care
 - 1.4.2 Methods of holistic care
 - 1.4.3 Alternative medicines
- 1.5 Creativity in Nursing
 - 1.5.1 Methods of creativity
 - 1.5.2 Barriers of creativity
- 1.6. Professional Development
 - 1.6.1 Nursing ethics
 - 1.6.2 Trends
 - 1.6.3 Professional and clients right
 - 1.6.4 Legal Right
 - 1.6.5 Human Right, Child Right and Women's Right
 - 1.6.6 ICN code of Nursing
 - 1.6.7 ICM code of Nursing
 - 1.6.8 (N.A.N.) Nursing Association of Nepal
 - 1.6.9 (N.N.C.) Nepal Nursing Council
 - 1.6.10 Laws related to health and nursing
 - 1.6.10.1 Medico legal case
 - 1.6.10.2 Disposal of dead body
 - 1.6.10.3 Organ transplantation
 - 1.6.10.4 Narcotic Drugs
 - 1.6.10.5 Abortion

2 Behavioral Science and Psychology applied in Nursing 10%

- 2.1 Major cultural groups and their health seeking behaviour.
- 2.2 Factors affecting health of the people.
 - 2.2.1 Socio economic conditions
 - 2.2.2 Education
 - 2.2.3 Politics
 - 2.2.4 Gender
 - 2.2.5 Physical environment
 - 2.2.6 Social Cultural Background
 - 2.3 Social problems in Nepal
 - 2.3.1 Population explosion and migration

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- 2.3.2 Poverty
- 2.3.3 Unemployment
- 2.3.4 Substance abuse
- 2.3.5 Suicide and other mental health problems
- 2.3.6 Prostitution
- 2.3.7 Violence
- 2.3.8 Child abuse / Exploitation
- 2.3.9 Gender bias
- 2.3.10 Girl trafficking
- 2.4 Psychology applied to Nursing
 - 2.4.1 Characteristics of human behavior
 - 2.4.2 Causes of behavioral changes
 - 2.4.3 Emotional development
 - 2.4.4 Control of emotions

3 Education Science in Nursing 15%

- 3.1 Teaching and Learning
 - 3.1.1 Principles
 - 3.1.2 Factors which affect Teaching / Learning
- 3.2 Roles and Responsibilities of a Teacher.
- 3.3 Ethics in Teaching/Learning
- 3.4 Teaching Methods and Media
 - 3.4.1 Teaching methods
 - 3.4.1.1 Microteaching problems
 - 3.4.1.2 Evidenced based learning
 - 3.4.1.3 Self directed learning
 - 3.4.1.4 Seminar/Symposium exhibition
 - 3.4.1.5 Case study presentation
 - 3.4.2 Media
 - 3.4.2.1 Audio Aids
 - 3.4.2.2 Video Aids
 - 3.4.2.3 Audio / Video Aids
- 3.5 In-service Education
 - 3.5.1 Need Assessment
 - 3.5.2 Planning, organizing & conducting
 - 3.5.3 Class room teaching
 - 3.5.4 Clinical Teaching
 - 3.5.5 Evaluation and Feedback
- 3.6 Components of Curriculum Development
- 3.7 Evaluation
 - 3.7.1 Types
 - 3.7.2 Characteristics of evaluation tools

4 Health Care Management 20%

- 4.1 Trends of Health Care delivery system in Nepal
- 4.2 Management:
 - 4.2.1 Concept, principles, theories
 - 4.2.2 Resource management
- 4.3 Planning:
 - 4.3.1 Elements, process
 - 4.3.2 Benefits and Limitation
- 4.4 Organization

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- 4.4.1 Types, Principles, elements
- 4.5 Organizational behavior
 - 4.5.1 Group Dynamic
 - 4.5.2 Communication
 - 4.5.3 Organizational conflict and management (Problem solving)
- 4.6 Organizational structures of Health Care Delivery system in Nepal (MoHP, Provincial and Local Level Health Institution)
 - 4.7 Leadership
 - 4.7.1 Theories
 - 4.7.2 Types
 - 4.7.3 Functions
 - 4.7.4 Characteristics
- 4.8 Supervision and monitoring
 - 4.8.1 Concept
 - 4.8.2 Purpose
- 4.9 Personnel development
 - 4.9.1 Motivation
 - 4.9.2 Morale and Discipline
 - 4.9.3 Leadership and decision making
- 4.10Human Recourse Development
 - 4.10.1 Elements, steps
 - 4.10.2 Production/distribution
- 4.11Health Economics
 - 4.11.1 Concepts
 - 4.11.2 Demand and supply
 - 4.11.3 Cost benefit and cost effectiveness in Nursing Management
 - 4.11.4 Application in Nursing service
- 4.12Health Information Management
- 4.13Disaster Management
- 4.14Quality Assurance Management
- 4.15Job description
- 4.16 National Policies
 - 4.16.1 Health Provision in Constitution
 - 4.16.2 Health Act 2053, Regulation 2055
 - 4.16.3 National Health Policy 2076
 - 4.16.4 Strategy
 - 4.16.2.1 Priority
- 4.17 Current fifth five- year plan
- 4.18 Millennium development goal/sustainable development health.
- 4.19 Second long-term health plan

5 Research & Statistics 15%

- 5.1 Research Terminology
 - 5.1.1 Variables
 - 5.1.2 Principles
 - 5.1.3 Hypothesis
 - 5.1.4 Operational definitions
 - 5.1.5 Limitations & Delimitations
 - 5.1.6 Validity & Reliability
- 5.2 Ethics & Regulations in Health & Nursing Research
 - 5.2.1 Ethics in Research.

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- 5.2.2 National Ethical guidelines in Health research in Nepal (NHRC)
- 5.3 Methodology
 - 5.3.1 Types of research
 - 5.3.2 Sampling Techniques
 - 5.3.3 Method of data collection
 - 5.3.4 Development of Instrument
 - 5.3.5 Statistical Data analysis
 - 5.3.6 Report writing & Dissemination
- 5.4 Importance of Research in Nursing services .

6 Applied Health Sciences 10%

- 6.1 Anatomy and physiology of :
 - 6.1.1 Cardiovascular System
 - 6.1.2 Respiratory system
 - 6.1.3 Digestive system
 - 6.1.4 Muscular skeletal system
 - 6.1.5 Nervous system
 - 6.1.6 Special senses
 - 6.1.7 Reproductive system
 - 6.1.8 Endocrine system
- 6.2 Pharmacology
 - 6.2.1 Principles of pharmaco kinetics and pharmaco dynamic
 - 6.2.2 Important Drugs and their actions
 - 6.2.3 List of essential Drugs as specified by WHO/ DDA (Department of Drug Administration)
 - 6.2.4 Life saving drugs
- 6.3 Patho-physiology
 - 6.3.1 General concepts of necrosis
 - 6.3.2 Inflammation
 - 6.3.3 Thrombosis
 - 6.3.4 Embolism
 - 6.3.5 wound healing (oedema)
 - 6.3.6 Neoplasms
 - 6.3.7 Antigens and antibodies
- 6.4 Microbiology
 - 6.4.1 Classification of Micro organism
 - 6.4.2 Microbial Morphology and the process of :
 - 6.4.2.1 Drug sensitivity testing
 - 6.4.2.2 Important terminologies
 - 6.4.2.3 Opportunistic infections
 - 6.4.2.4 Pathogens
 - 6.4.2.5 Bacterial toxins
 - 6.4.3 Sterilization
 - 6.4.3.1 Different methods and Types
- 6.5 Biochemistry
 - 6.5.1 Digestion and absorption of carbohydrate, protein and fat
 - 6.5.2 Malabsorption
 - 6.5.3 Classifications of vitamins and requirement of different age group
- 6.6 Nutrition
 - 6.6.1 Assessment of Nutrition status
 - 6.6.2 Therapeutic diet in various medical conditions

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- 6.6.3 Menu planning & calculation of calorie for different age group
- 6.6.4 Food belief & practice/food safety
- 6.6.5 Common Nutritional deficiency diseases .

7 Mental Health 10%

- 7.1 Concept of mental health / Illness
 - 7.1.1 Neuroses
 - 7.1.2 Psychoses
 - 7.1.3 Mental Retardation
 - 7.1.4 Epilepsy
 - 7.1.5 Alcohols and Drug abuse
 - 7.1.6 Psychosexual problems
 - 7.2 Role and Responsibilities of Nurse in:
 - 7.2.1 Primodial Prevention
 - 7.2.2 Primary Prevention
 - 7.2.3 Secondary Prevention
 - 7.2.4 Tertiary prevention
 - 7.3 Modality of Treatment
 - 7.3.1 Drug therapy
 - 7.3.2 ECT
 - 7.3.3 Counseling
 - 7.3.4 Diversional Therapy
 - 7.3.5 Legal Responsibilities
 - 7.3.6 Emergency management of violent patient
- 7.4 Common Mental Health problems in Nepal

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वस्तुगत नमुना प्रश्नहरु (Sample questions)

- 1. The term *Haemopoiesis* means:
 - A) Formation of blood cells B) Formation of platelets C) Division of cells D)

 Division of platelets **Correct Answer:- (A)**
- 2. Reduction in the volume of RBCs result in:
 - A) Increase in oxygen B) Decrease in oxygen C) Decrease in the pressure volume D) Increase in Co 9 **Correct Answer:- (B)**
- 3. Staphylococcus is the organism which causes:
 - A) Throat and nose infections B) Skin and wound infection C) Gastro intestinal infection D) A+B

Correct Answer:- (D)

- 4. *Hypernatremia* is:
 - A) Excess of sodium in the blood
 - B) Excess of potassium in the blood
 - C) Decreased level of sodium in the blood
 - D) Decreased level of potassium in the blood

Correct Answer:- (A)

- 5. Evaluation which is done at the end of the year is called:
 - A) Formative evaluation B) Diagnostic evaluation C) Summative evaluation D) Mid term evaluation **Correct Answer:- (C)**
- 6. The test instrument measures what it is intended to measure is called:
 - A) Validity B) Reliability C) Objectivity D) Practicability Correct

Answer:- (A)

- 7. While planning of in-service education program for staff, focus should be on
 - A) Need of staff B) Specific program C) Orientation D) Evaluation Correct Answer:- (A)
- 8. Adaptation theory is created by:
 - A) Henderson B) Orem
 - C) Roy's D) Florence Nightingale Correct Answer:- (C)
- 9. Physical, Mental, Social and spiritual care provide is called
 - A) Primary care B) Secondary care C) Holistic health care D) Health for all **Correct Answer:- (C)**
- 10. Assessment is one of the component of :
 - A) Nursing Theory B) Creativity of Nursing C) Professional Development D) Nursing process **Correct Answer:- (D)**

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द्वितीय पत्र- कम्युनिटी नर्सिङ सम्बन्धी

Section A - 30 Marks

- 1. History of community health Nursing in Nepal; Changing Concept in public health/disease/ health illness continuum /PHC 10%
 - 1.1 Determinates of health
 - 1.2 Responsibilities of Individual, family, group, & community
 - 1.3 Concept of PHC
 - 1.4 Principles of PHC
 - 1.5 Elements of PHC

7. Community diagnosis and Community participation 10%

- 7.1 Concept and Process of Community diagnosis
- 7.2 Concept, Process, Purpose, Barriers and resource mobilization in community participation
- 9. Community health Nursing Management 10%
 - 9.1 Planning
 - 9.2 Organizing
 - 9.3 Implementing/follow up
 - 9.4 Supervision & monitoring
 - 9.5 Evaluating
 - 9.6 Referral

Section B - 30 Marks

- 2. Recording/Reporting Family Health & Reproductive Health 20%
- 2.1 Role and responsibilities of Nurse in providing Family Health Care.
- 2.2 Importance of Home visit.
 - 2.3 Reproductive Health
 - 2.3.1 Concept
 - 2.3.2 Components
 - 2.3.3 Life span reproductive health care
 - 2.3.4 Safe motherhood
 - 2.3.5 Family planning
 - 2.3.6 Care and Prevention of HIV/AIDS /STI

8. Domiciliary midwifery services & Responsibilities 10%

- 8.1 Domiciliary midwifery services
 - 8.1.1 Birth preparedness package
 - 8.1.2 Basic Emergency Obstetric Care
 - 8.1.3 Clean, home delivery services
 - 8.1.4 Supervision and guidance in domiciliary midwifery service
 - 8.1.5 Postnatal care
 - 8.1.6 Post abortion care
- 8.2 Role and Responsibilities of following professionals
 - 8.2.1 RHD (Regional Health Director)
 - 8.2.2 Senior Public Health Nurse
 - 8.2.3 Community Nursing Officer
 - 8.2.4 Public Health Nurse
 - 8.2.5 Staff Nurse (PHCC)
 - 8.2.6 ANM/AHW
 - 8.2.7 MCHW
 - 8.2.8 FCHW